

Key Financial Information Disclosure Statement For The Half Year Ended 30 June 2019

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SECTION A - INFORMATION OF THE BRANCH (HONG KONG BRANCH ONLY)

I. PROFIT AND LOSS INFORMATION FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED 30 June 2019

HK\$'000

	For The Half 30 June 2019	Year Ended 30 June 2018
	<u>50 Julie 2015</u>	<u>30 Julie 2010</u>
Interest Income	593,270	401,957
Interest Expense Net Interest Income	(250,087) 343,183	<u>(147,540)</u> 254,417
THE INCOME	040,100	204,417
Other Operating Income	00.074	07.000
Gains less losses arising from trading in foreign currencies Gains less losses on securities held for trading purposes	29,871 3,190	37,263 13,332
Gains less losses on securities field for trading purposes Gains less losses from other trading activities	3,190	948
Income from fees and commissions	119,013	102,415
Fees and commission expenses Net fees and commission income	(1,872) 117,141	(1,538) 100,877
Not 1955 and sommission mostle	111,644	100,077
Others	9	25
TOTAL INCOME	493,394	406,862
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Staff and rental expenses	(61,821)	(47,695)
Other expenses	(7,396)	(10,719)
Net charges for other provisions	(3,584) (72,801)	(30,069) (88,483)
	(12,001)	(00,403)
NET (CHARGE) / CREDIT FOR DEBT PROVISION	6,522	(4,700)
TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS WRITTEN OFF	æ	ω ₁
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION	427,115	313,679
TAXATION CHARGE	(59,700)	(41,400)
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION	367,415	272,279

II. BALANCE SHEET INFORMATION

AS AT 30 June 2019	HK\$'000
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	30 June 2019	31 December 2018
ASSETS		
Cash and short term funds	1,558,390	1,965,823
(Except those included in amount due from overseas offices)	3 1 (2 (2 (2 (2 (2 (2 (2 (2 (2 (2 (2 (2 (2	37-3-31-3-3
Placement with banks and other financial institutions maturing	54,403	75,000
between one and twelve months		
(Except those included in amount due from overseas offices)		
Amount due from overseas offices	10,295,473	9,191,375
Account receivable under reverse repos	-	-
Trade bills	32,728	7,680
Negotiable certificates of deposit (NCDs) held	78,076	78,317
Held-to-Maturity Securities Available-For-Sale Securities	1,043,797 8,122,650	533,070 7,688,180
Advances and other accounts (Net of provisions)	15,137,166	15,018,905
Tangible fixed assets	129,402	12,220
Total Assets	36,452,085	34,570,570
	00,102,000	- 1,0,0,0,0
LIABILITIES		
Deposits and balances of banks and other financial institutions	17,341	2
(Except those included in amount due to overseas offices)		
Current, fixed, savings and other deposits from customers		
Demand deposits and current accounts	89,908	103,691
Savings deposits	13,145,463	13,630,252
Time deposits	20,405,479	18,134,731
Amount due to overseas offices	1,154,693	1,646,800
Other accounts	587,037	370,345
Total liabilities	35,399,921	33,885,821
Reserves and current profit	1,052,164	684,749
Total Equity And Liabilities	36,452,085	34,570,570
· our =quity · and Endonitioo	00,402,000	01,010,010

III. ADDITIONAL BALANCE SHEET INFORMATION

HK\$'000

AD	VANCES AND OTHER ACCOUNTS	30 June 2019	31 December 2018
A.	Advances to customers Advances to banks and other financial institutions Accrued interest and other accounts -Accrued interest -Other accounts Total	14,389,547 586,038 140,299 339,886 15,455,770	14,067,058 746,124 109,777 438,697 15,361,656
	Less: Provisions against advances and other accounts General provisions Specific provisions Total Total advances and other accounts less provisions	156,823 161,781 318,604 15,137,166	162,826 179,925 342,751 15,018,905
В.	Details of the non-performing advances to customers (advances on which interest is being placed in suspense or has cea	sed to be accrued) 30 June 2019	31 December 2018
	Gross advances to customers Specific provisions Total		
	Suspended interest		
	Value of collateral	: <u>-</u>	
	Percentage of such advances to total gross advances to customers	0.00%	0.00%

ADVANCES AND OTHER ACCOUNTS - continued

C.

Overdue and rescheduled loans and advances to customers

	30 June	<u> 2019</u>	31 Decemb	er 2018
		% of Total		% of Total
	Amount	Loans	Amount	Loans
Advances to customers overdue for				
more than 3 months and up to 6 months	=	. 	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
more than 6 months and up to 1 year	<u>aa</u>	-	9 ₩1	<u>=</u>
more than 1 year	9			
	-			
b. Rescheduled advances to customers				
(Net of those overdue advances disclosed above)	<u> </u>		9	
c. Disclosure of value of collateral held against a. & b.				
current market value of collateral held	-		; =	
covered portion of overdue loans and advances	-		-	
uncovered portion of overdue loans and advances	=		:=:	

There were no overdue and rescheduled advances to banks and other financial institutions as at 30 June 2019 and 31 December 2018.

D.

Reconciliation for advances to customers between overdue advances and non-performing advances

between everage davances and non-performing davances		
• • •	30 June 2019	31 December 2018
	Amount	Amount
Advances to customer overdue for more than 3 months	<u>=</u>	~
Less: Overdue loans for more than 3 months and on which interest is still being accrued	-	*
Add: Overdue loans for 3 months or less and on which interest is being placed in suspense or interest accrual ceased		
Total non-performing advances	-	-

E.

Repossessed assets

There were no repossessed assets held as at 30 June 2019 and 31 December 2018.

IV. OFF-BALANCE SHEET INFORMATION

HKD'000

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

The following is a summary of the contract amounts of each significant class of contingent liabilities and commitments:

	30 June 2019	31 December 2018
Direct credit substitutes Transaction-related contingent items Trade-related contingent items Other commitments Others	15,615 56,332 112,505 6,006,790 - 6,191,242	10,416 1,566 126,309 6,454,711
Derivatives -Exchange rate contracts -Interest rate contracts	20,990,780	14,199,481 14,199,481
Replacement Costs of Derivatives (of the above derivative -Exchange rate contracts -Interest rate contracts	es) 35,822 - 35,822	124,326 124,326

For contingent liabilities and commitments, the contract amounts at risk should the contract be fully drawn upon and the client default. The replacement costs represent the cost of replacing all contracts which have a positive value when marked to market. They do not take into account the effects of bilateral netting arrangements.

1 GROSS ADVANCES TO CUSTOMERS ANALYSED AND REPORTED BY INDUSTRY SECTOR

	30 June 2019		31 Decer	mber 2018
	Outstanding	Balance covered	Outstanding	Balance covered
	Amount	by collateral	Amount	by collateral
A. Loans for use in Hong Kong				
Industrial, commercial and financial				
 Property development 	1,142,315	7 <u>=</u>	1,675,959	3≝
 Property investment 	57,229	36,282	58,032	27,384
 Financial concerns 	1,838,973	499,612	1,622,717	437,209
- Stockbrokers	485,190	a = .	510,416	2
 Wholesale and retail trade 	155,843	25,358	234,144	87,720
- Manufacturing	492,320	80,574	1,072,275	194,272
 Transport and transport equipment 	130,127	vv ⊒≛	180,634	7 <u>=</u>
 Information technology 	228,500	*	224,000	5 2
- Others	186,014	101,926	255,832	100,228
Individuals				
- Others	99,627	35,143	119,305	4,430
B. Trade finance	123,365	1,155	20,742	4,148
C. Loan for use outside Hong Kong	9.450.044	2.283.856	8,093,002	1,141,108
		_,	,	,,,,,,
Total	14,389,547	3,063,906	14,067,058	1,996,499

2 A. GROSS ADVANCES TO CUSTOMERS ANALYSED AND REPORTED BY COUNTRIES OR GEOGRAPHICAL AREAS

	<u>30 June 2019</u>	31 December 2018
-Hong Kong	6,659,875	6,548,383
-United States	2,200,223	2,181,647
-Others	5,529,449	5,337,028
	14,389,547	14,067,058

B. OVERDUE AND NON-PERFORMING LOANS ANALYSED AND REPORTED BY COUNTRY GEOGRAPHICAL AREAS

	<u>30 June 2019</u>	31 December 2018
-Hong Kong	-	-
-Others		
	 ;	-

The above analysis has been classified according to categories and definitions used by the Hong Kong Monetary Authority. Only exposures to a single country outside Hong Kong exceeding 10% of the aggregate gross amount of advances to customer as at the above respective reporting dates are disclosed.

3 INTERNATIONAL CLAIMS

The following tables analyze international claims by types of counterparties and are prepared in accordance with the completion instruction of the HKMA Return "Return of International Banking Statistics". Country or geographical classification is based upon the locations of counterparties after taking into account the transfer of country risk. Countries or geographical areas constituting 10% or more of the total international claims are disclosed.

			Non-bank priva	ate sector Non-financial		
As at 30 June 2019	<u>Banks</u>	Official Sector	institutions	private sector	Others	<u>Total</u>
Developed countries	6,093	551	1,060	1,681	-	9,385
of which-: United States	745	551	687	1,162	-	3,145
Offshore centres	474	-	1,938	3,747	-	6,159
of which-: Hong Kong	430	*	1,667	1,394	-	3,491
3. Developing Europe	-	=>	i.e.	: <u>-</u> :	=	A.F.
4. Developing Latin America and Caribbean	(2)		×=-	141	-	141
5. Developing Africa and Middle East	102	4	n a	320	-	426
Developing Asia-Pacific	14,089	70	825	3,008		17,992
of which-: China	1,934	70	747	597	-	3,348
Taiwan	11,199	-		1,850	2	13,049
						,
7. International organisations	•		(4)	1		1
8. Unallocated by country	1 4 7	-1	•	-	<u></u>	•
			Non book neive	to costor		
			Non-bank priva			
As at 31 December 2018	<u>Banks</u>	Official Sector	Non-bank priva	ate sector Non-financial private sector	Others	Total
			Non-bank financial institutions	Non-financial private sector	<u>Others</u>	
Developed countries	6,075	235	Non-bank financial institutions 905	Non-financial private sector	-	8,608
			Non-bank financial institutions	Non-financial private sector		
Developed countries of which-: United States	6,075 821	235 235	Non-bank financial institutions 905 590	Non-financial private sector 1,393 838	-	8,608 2,484
Developed countries of which-: United States Offshore centres	6,075	235	Non-bank financial institutions 905 590 1,867	Non-financial private sector 1,393 838 3,737	-	8,608 2,484 5,660
Developed countries of which: United States Offshore centres of which: Hong Kong	6,075 821 56	235 235	Non-bank financial institutions 905 590	Non-financial private sector 1,393 838	-	8,608 2,484
Developed countries of which-: United States Offshore centres	6,075 821 56	235 235	Non-bank financial institutions 905 590 1,867	Non-financial private sector 1,393 838 3,737	-	8,608 2,484 5,660
Developed countries of which: United States Offshore centres of which: Hong Kong	6,075 821 56	235 235	Non-bank financial institutions 905 590 1,867 1,598	Non-financial private sector 1,393 838 3,737 1,282	-	8,608 2,484 5,660 2,880
 Developed countries of which: United States Offshore centres of which: Hong Kong Developing Europe 	6,075 821 56	235 235	Non-bank financial institutions 905 590 1,867 1,598	Non-financial private sector 1,393 838 3,737 1,282	-	8,608 2,484 5,660 2,880
 Developed countries of which-: United States Offshore centres of which-: Hong Kong Developing Europe Developing Latin America and Caribbean Developing Africa and Middle East 	6,075 821 56 - - - 168	235 235 - - -	Non-bank financial institutions 905 590 1,867 1,598	Non-financial private sector 1,393 838 3,737 1,282 - 238 296	:	8,608 2,484 5,660 2,880 - 238 464
 Developed countries of which-: United States Offshore centres of which-: Hong Kong Developing Europe Developing Latin America and Caribbean Developing Africa and Middle East 	6,075 821 56 - - - 168	235 235 - - -	Non-bank financial institutions 905 590 1,867 1,598 666	Non-financial private sector 1,393 838 3,737 1,282 - 238 296 3,439	-	8,608 2,484 5,660 2,880 - 238 464
1. Developed countries of which: United States 2. Offshore centres of which: Hong Kong 3. Developing Europe 4. Developing Latin America and Caribbean 5. Developing Africa and Middle East 6. Developing Asia-Pacific	6,075 821 56 - - - 168	235 235 - - - - -	Non-bank financial institutions 905 590 1,867 1,598	Non-financial private sector 1,393 838 3,737 1,282 - 238 296	-	8,608 2,484 5,660 2,880 - 238 464
1. Developed countries of which: United States 2. Offshore centres of which: Hong Kong 3. Developing Europe 4. Developing Latin America and Caribbean 5. Developing Africa and Middle East 6. Developing Asia-Pacific of which: China	6,075 821 56 - - 168 13,272 2,526	235 235 - - - - -	Non-bank financial institutions 905 590 1,867 1,598 666 588	Non-financial private sector 1,393 838 3,737 1,282 - 238 296 3,439 1,425		8,608 2,484 5,660 2,880 - 238 464 17,446 4,608
 Developed countries of which-: United States Offshore centres of which-: Hong Kong Developing Europe Developing Latin America and Caribbean Developing Africa and Middle East Developing Asia-Pacific of which-: China Taiwan 	6,075 821 56 - - 168 13,272 2,526 9,839	235 235 - - - - -	Non-bank financial institutions 905 590 1,867 1,598 666 588 -	Non-financial private sector 1,393 838 3,737 1,282 - 238 296 3,439 1,425 1,849		8,608 2,484 5,660 2,880 - 238 464 17,446 4,608 11,688

4 NON-BANK MAINLAND CHINA EXPOSURE

	On-balance sheet O	ff-balance sheet	<u>Total</u>
As at 30 June 2019	exposure	exposure	Exposure
 Central government, central government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and joint ventures (JVs) 	2,225	317	2,542
Local governments, local government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and JVs	414		414
 PRC nationals residing in Mainland China or other entities incorporated in Mainland China and their subsidiaries and JVs 	1,714	136	1,850
4. Other entities of central government not reported in item 1 above	672	1.01	672
5. Other entities of local governments not reported in item 2 above	364	25	389
 PRC nationals residing outside Mainland China or entities incorporated outside Mainland China where the credit is granted for use in Mainland China 	2,022	1,770	3,792
 Other counterparties where the exposures are considered by the reporting institution to be non-bank Mainland China exposures 	112	239	351
Total	7,523	2,487	10,010
Total assets after provision	36,452		
On-balance sheet exposures as percentage of total assets	20.64%		
As at 31 December 2018			
 Central government, central government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and joint ventures (JVs) 	2,483	512	2,995
Local governments, local government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and JVs	487	-	487
 PRC nationals residing in Mainland China or other entities incorporated in Mainland China and their subsidiaries and JVs 	2,162	497	2,659
4. Other entities of central government not reported in item 1 above	684	9 = 0	684
5. Other entities of local governments not reported in item 2 above	290	æ	290
 PRC nationals residing outside Mainland China or entities incorporated outside Mainland China where the credit is granted for use in Mainland China 	1,932	1,479	3,411
 Other counterparties where the exposures are considered by the reporting institution to be non-bank Mainland China exposures 	149	268	417
Total	8,187	2,756	10,943
Total assets after provision	34,571		
On-balance sheet exposures as percentage of total assets	23.68%		

5 FOREIGN CURRENCY POSITION

The foreign currency exposures are prepared in accordance with the completion instruction of the HKMA Return "Foreign Currency Position". The net position (regardless of sign) for each foreign currency which constitutes 10% or more of the total net position in all foreign currencies are disclosed.

As at 30 June 2019	USD	CNY	<u>JPY</u>	EUR	CAD	CHF	AUD	SGD	<u>OTHER</u>	TOTAL
Spot assets	27,910	740	294	981	34	5	2,580	22	137	32,703
Spot liabilities	(28,979)	(2,354)	(249)	(605)	(35)	(3)	(292)	(23)	(234)	(32,774)
Forward purchases	7,650	4,981	604	864	3 - 5	(*)	13	7 -	110	14,222
Forward sales	(6,814)	(3,028)	(652)	(1,324)	(2)	3 0 8	(2,316)	17	(14)	(14, 148)
Net option position	260	(369)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	109	-				X80 (7)	2
Net long (short) position	27	(30)	(3)	25	(1)	2	(15)	(1)	(1)	3
As at 31 December 2018	USD	CNY	<u>JPY</u>	EUR	CAD	CHF	AUD	SGD	OTHER	TOTAL
Spot assets	25,981	1,157	281	713	13	1	2,521	34	57	30,758
Spot liabilities	(27,782)	(2,787)	(187)	(374)	(93)	(1)	(308)	(34)	(204)	(31,770)
Forward purchases	6,342	3,815	129	506	78	=	·		147	11,017
Forward sales	(4,726)	(1,946)	(225)	(922)	;=:	1 - 1	(2,212)	<u> </u>	-	(10,031)
Net option position	166	(243)		` 77		(2)	2 1 12	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Net long (short) position	(19)	(4)	(2)		(2)		1			(26)

There were no foreign currency structural positions as at 30 June 2019 and 31 December 2018 .

VI. LIQUIDITY INFORMATION DISCLOSURES

a. Average liquidity maintenance ratio	For the qua	For the quarter ended		
	<u>30-Jun-19</u> %	30-Jun-18 %		
Average liquidity maintenance ratio for the period	43.90%	41.49%		

Liquidity Maintenance Ratio ("LMR") is complied in accordance with the Banking (Liquidity) Rules issued by the HKMA. The average ratio is calculated based on the arithmetic mean of the average value of its liquidity position return for each month during the reporting period. In compliance with the Banking (Disclosure) Rules, came effect from 30 June 2018, quarterly average liquidity maintenance ratio should be disclosed.

b. Liquidity risk management

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Branch may incur unacceptable losses if it is not able to meet its obligations as they fall due. For instance, the Branch needs to liquidate assets by lowering market price or fund with higher cost. This may have an adverse impact on the Branch's earnings and its ability to meet obligations. Sound liquidity risk management ("LRM") is crucial to the viability of the Branch.

1. Liquidity risk management policies and procedures

The Branch develops its liquidity risk management system in accordance to the framework set out by "玉山銀行流動性風險管理政策"(E.SUN Bank Liquidity Risk Management Policy) and guidelines issued by HKMA. Policies and procedures of the Branch include "玉山銀行香港分行資產負債管理政策"(E.SUN Bank Hong Kong Branch Asset/Liability Management Policy), "玉山銀行香港分行流動性風險管理要點"(E.SUN Bank Hong Kong Branch Liquidity Risk Management Guideline) and "玉山銀行香港分行恢復計劃"(E.SUN Bank Hong Kong Branch Recovery Plan).

2. Liquidity risk tolerance

The general tolerance of the Branch for Liquidity risk is "Low". The funding activities aim to maintain safety and sufficient liquidity of the Branch, rather than profit-taking.

3. Structure and organization of liquidity risk management

Asset/Liability Management Committee ("ALCO"), set up in accordance to "玉山銀行香港分行資產負債管理政策" (E.SUN Bank Hong Kong Branch Asset/Liability Management Policy), has the ultimate responsibility to manage and monitor the Branch's liquidity risk. Treasury Department is the execution unit of LRM and reports to ALCO regularly. Risk Management Department is the independent unit for monitoring LRM. Its duties include liquidity risk identification, measurement and monitoring, and it reports directly to Risk Management Committee ("RMC") of the Branch the monitoring results and recommendations, if any.

4. Liquidity risk management strategy

- (1) The Branch aims to achieve sufficient diversification of funding sources. The top priorities are the stability and reliability of funding sources. And the Branch avoids relying on specific funding source.
- (2) The funding strategy of the Branch is decentralized. It upholds the risk diversifying principle by maximizing the span of borrowers, investment underlying and maturity profile.
- (3) The funding need of the Branch is managed by Money Market desk of Treasury Department. The funding sources include issuance of Negotiable Certificate of Deposits ("NCDs"), interbank borrowings, sale of assets, soliciting stable deposits or seeking liquidity support from head office. The Branch should seek approval from ALCO and head office if it needs to transfer liquidity risk via financial tools.
- (4) The branch assesses inherent risks, including liquidity risk, before launch of new products or services. Effective risk management procedures and controls should be in place for all identified risks and such risk assessment results are reviewed and approved by head office.
- (5) Accounting Department of the Branch is responsible for providing liquidity risk data, such as forecast of Liquidity Maintenance Ratio (LMR), cash flow projection and maturity mismatch gaps. Treasury Department performs LRM base on these information. While Risk Management Department is responsible for monitoring liquidity indicators, and reporting to senior management of the Branch and head office.

VI. LIQUIDITY INFORMATION DISCLOSURES - continued

b. Liquidity risk management - continued

5. Liquidity risk monitoring

The Branch adopts a set of liquidity early warning indicators and management tools, including:

- (1) Asset/liability quality and net funding gaps management: Liquidity Maintenance Ratio (LMR), cash flow projection, maturity mismatch ratio (HKD and other significant foreign currencies).
- (2) Concentration of funding sources: FX swap limit, concentration limit of customer deposits, intra-group funding limit.
- (3) Liquidity quality: Loan-to-deposit ratio limit, liquidity cushion limit, core deposit limit.

6. Liquidity stress test

- (1) The Branch performs liquidity stress test regularly. Scenarios include "institution-specific stress scenario", "general market stress scenario" and "a combination of both". The stress tests are performed for all currencies in aggregate and separately in HKD and individual significant foreign currencies.
- (2) The liquidity stress test covers cash flows generated from on- and off-balance sheet items, including contractual and non-contractual cash flows.
- (3) The Branch maintains sufficient liquidity under all stress scenarios. The minimum survival period for "institution-specific stress scenario" is 5 business days, while that for "general market stress scenario" and "a combination of both" is 1 calendar month.
- (4) The Branch performs LMR stress test regularly to identify risk factors that contribute to its volatility. The Branch also review the reasonability of stress scenarios at a regular basis.

7. Liquidity contingency funding plans

The Branch has set up "玉山銀行香港分行資金調度緊急應變計劃"(E.SUN Bank Hong Kong Branch Contingency Funding Plan, CFP). It describes the action plans and handling procedures to be taken when trigger levels or limits of liquidity indicators are breached. Roles and responsibilities, execution procedures, credibility assessment of action plans, as well as the communication plans are also included in the CFP.

VII. DISCLOSURE ON REMUNERATION OF SENIOR MANAGEMENT

In accordance with the disclosure requirement under the HKMA's Supervisory Policy Manual "Guideline on a Sound Remuneration System", please refer to annual report of the Bank.

SECTION B. - INFORMATION OF THE BANK (CONSOLIDATED BASIS)

E. SUN COMMERCIAL BANK LIMITED

I. CAPITAL AND CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIO

	30 June 2019 %	31 December 2018 %
A. Capital adequacy ratio	14.86%	15.37%
	NTD'000	NTD'000
B. Aggregate amount of shareholders' funds	162,464,675	158,270,220

The capital adequacy ratio is computed in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Capital Adequacy Ratio of Banks" and "Explanation of Methods for Calculating the Eligible Capital and Risk - Weighted Assets of Banks" in Taiwan after taken into account for credit risk, market risk and operational risk.

II. OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION NTD'000 30 June 2019 31 December 2018 Total Assets 2,369,932,115 2,272,337,490 **Total Liabilities** 2,207,467,440 2,114,067,270 Total Advances 1,384,937,918 1,333,277,269 **Total Customer Deposits** 1,964,614,006 1,887,658,287 For The Half Year ended 30 June 2019 30 June 2018 Profit/(Loss) before taxation 11,645,513 10,579,067

Our financial Statements together with the comparative figures have been prepared in accordance with the IFRS, IAS, IFRIC and SIC translated by the Accounting Research Development Foundation (ARDF) and issued by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC). For details, please refer to annual report of The Bank.

Hong Kong Branch (INCORPORATED IN TAIWAN, WITH LIMITED LIABILITY)

Suite 2805, 28/F., Tower 6, The Gateway, 9 Canton Road, Tsimshatsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong TEL:852-3405-6168 FAX:852-2511-8788

Declaration

According to the requirement of the Hong Kong Monetary Authority on Key Financial Information Disclosure Statement of Authorized Institutions incorporated outside Hong Kong, we have pleasure in presenting the Key Financial Information Disclosure Statements of E.Sun Commercial Bank, Limited, Hong Kong Branch for The Half Year ended 30 June 2019. We confirmed that the information contained therein complies, in all material aspects, with the relevant requirements for financial disclosure by overseas incorporated authorized institutions as set out in the supervisory policy manual CA-D-1 "Guideline on the Application of the Banking (Disclosure) Rules" issued in August 2019, and to the best of my knowledge and belief, it is not false or misleading.

Ke Tsun Jen

General Manager

E.Sun Commercial Bank, Limited

Hong Kong Branch

2 7 SEP 2019

Date